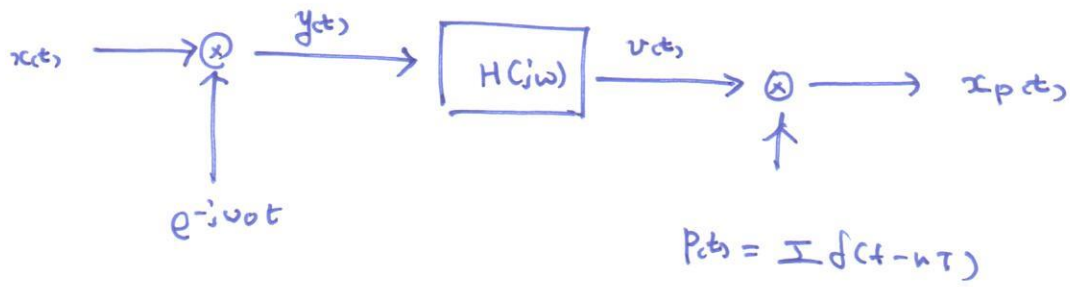


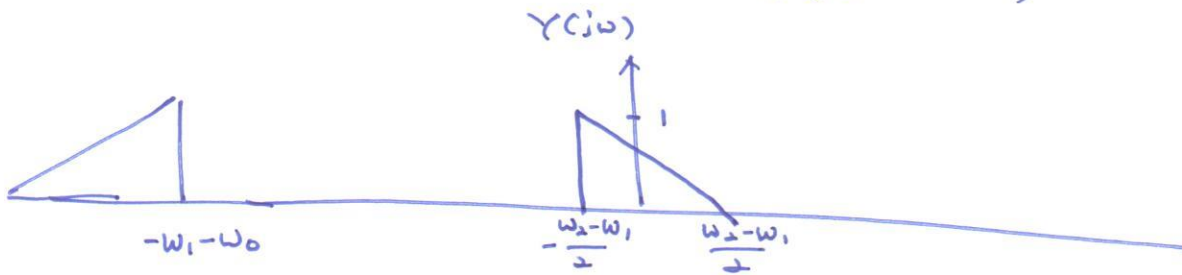
7.27



a) $y(t) = x(t) e^{-j\omega_0 t}$

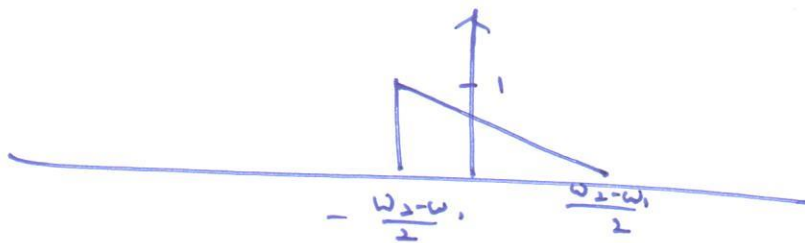
$$Y(j\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t) e^{-j\omega_0 t} e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

$$= X(j(\omega + \omega_0))$$

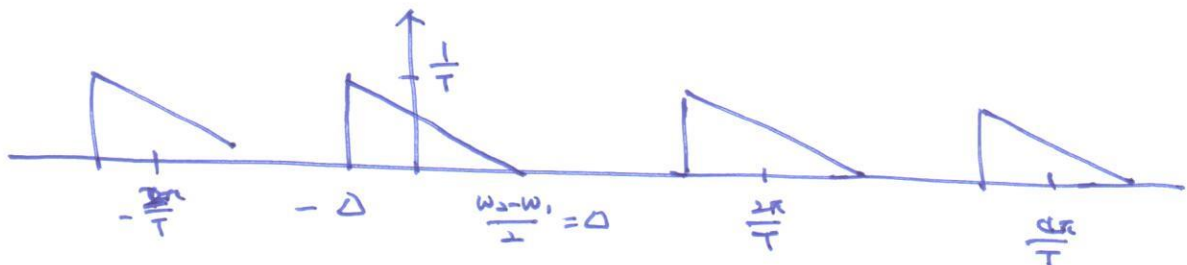


After the lowpass filtering

$$V(j\omega)$$



$$X_p(j\omega)$$



(b) There should be no aliasing

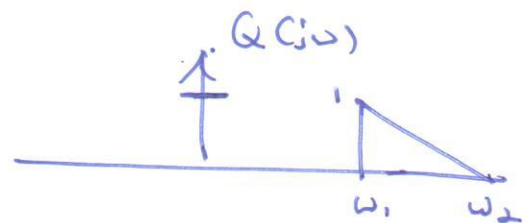
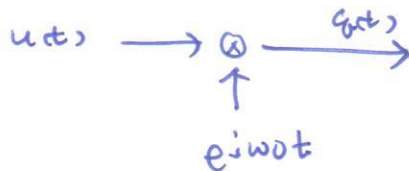
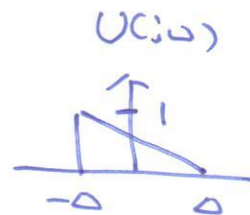
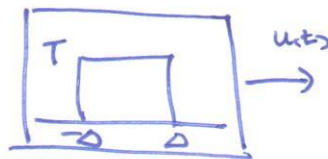
$$\therefore \frac{2\pi}{T} > 2\Delta = \omega_2 - \omega_1$$

$$\therefore T < \frac{2\pi}{\omega_2 - \omega_1}$$

(c)

$X_p(j\omega)$

$x_p(t)$



$Q(-j\omega)$



$$r(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} Q(-j\omega) e^{j\omega t} d\omega$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{+\infty}^{-\infty} Q(j\rho) e^{-j\rho t} d\rho$$

$-\omega = \rho$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} Q(j\omega) e^{-j\omega t} d\omega$$

$$= q(-t)$$

∴

